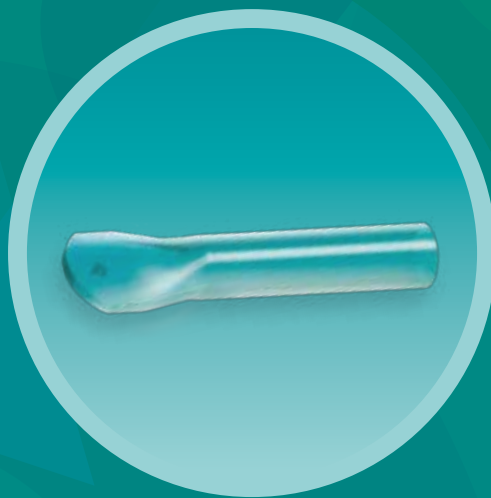


NEUROCAP[®]

**Bioresorbable Peripheral
Nerve Capping Device**



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RECOVERY

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NEUROCAP®

Symptomatic neuroma

Symptomatic neuroma may develop after a nerve dissection following any trauma to a peripheral nerve, whether accidental or planned (i.e. surgery). Neuroma-induced neuropathic pain and morbidity seriously affect the patient's daily life and socio-economic functioning¹. The incidence of symptomatic neuromas after peripheral nerve injury is estimated to be 3-5%, however certain surgeries (e.g. autograft procedures, amputations) may have up to a 30% incidence rate².

There are several surgical procedures possible to treat symptomatic end-neuromas, but none are considered gold standard for both treatment and prevention. The most common procedure is surgical removal of the neuroma and surrounding scar tissue, and placing the proximal stump into an area subjected to minimal mechanical stimulation.

Covering the nerve stump

Covering the nerve stump with a cap of autologous material prevents both neuroma development and regeneration³, but has its limitations.

- Suitable veins need to be available and sacrificed and the stability of the treatment depends upon consistent venous integrity (i.e. no vein collapse).
- Muscle capping is often performed as this tissue is easily available, however the recurrence of very painful sensory neuroma has been reported³. Replacing the refreshed nerve end into bone is a technically demanding option. The nerve stump must be properly placed into a drilled hole, with no kinking at the hole entrance, and requires the nerve to be fixed to prevent dislocation.
- Use of vascularized flaps is technically very demanding and only considered in specific cases⁴. Unfortunately, this way of pain treatment in amputation has an average of 2.8 re-operations¹ and the surgeries have a failure rate of 10% or more⁵.

Research on better fixation techniques and covering the nerve stump with synthetic material bypassing possible biocompatibility issues of animal derived materials led to the idea to develop NEUROCAP®, a nerve capping device for the treatment of neuromas. Its composition is based on the same synthetic polymers used in NEUROLAC® nerve guide for treatment of peripheral nerve lesions.

NEUROCAP®

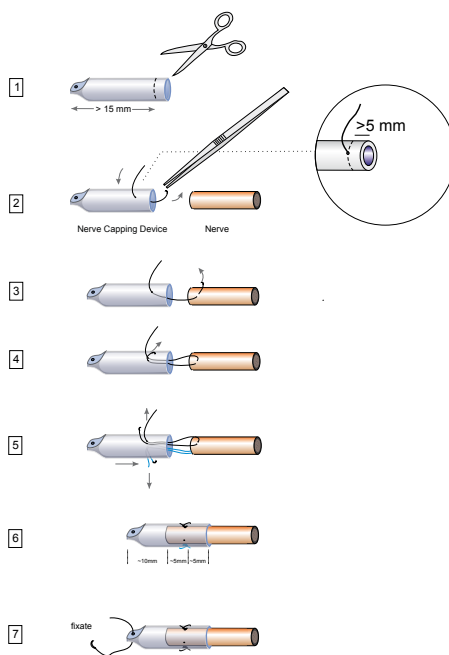
Management Of Neuroma

NEUROCAP® is intended to protect a peripheral nerve end and to separate the nerve from surrounding environment to reduce the development of a symptomatic end-neuroma.

NEUROCAP® is a tubular device with one open end and one closed end. Dislocation of the nerve stump is prevented by suturing the nerve end into the cap. A hole at the sealed end of the tube allows easy fixation of the nerve stump with a suture to the surrounding tissue. This allows an effective capping technique without the necessity of drilling a hole into bones, or sacrificing other tissue.

The application of NEUROCAP® and the available device dimensions are illustrated in figure 1 and table 1.

Figure 1:
NEUROCAP® Product Application



Please contact your local
NEUROCAP® representative for more information

OSTEOTEC

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Tel: 01202 487 885

Address: Building 81, Greenham
Business Park, Berkshire, RG19 6HW

Table 1:

NEUROCAP® Product Description

Ø (mm)	Catalogue number	Recommended Needle & Suture size
1,5	NC01-015/03	• 7,0 or 6,0 Polypropylene with smallest needle possible
2,0	NC01-020/03	• Tapered needle: 3/8 (9 - 11 mm)
2,5	NC01-025/03	
3,0	NC01-030/03	
4,0	NC01-040/03	• 5,0 or 6,0 Polypropylene or mono-filament with 11 mm tapered needle
5,0	NC01-050/03	
6,0	NC01-060/03	• 5,0 or 6,0 polyamide/nylon with 13 mm needle or with the smallest tapered needle available
7,0	NC01-070/03	
8,0	NC01-080/03	

To prove effectiveness of performance of NEUROCAP®, Polyganics is engaged with several European hospitals in an open non-randomized clinical investigation called STOP NEUROMA Trial.

STOP NEUROMA Trial

This study is being conducted to obtain data on the clinical performance of NEUROCAP®'s ability to isolate the nerve end, resulting in a reduction of pain as experienced from the symptomatic neuroma and the prevention of the reoccurrence of a symptomatic neuroma. If you need more information please contact us through info@polyganics.com

NEUROCAP® is available in 1 unit per box. It is packed in a plastic tray and a Tyvek pouch and subsequently placed in an aluminum pouch. NEUROCAP® is transparent, indicated for single-use and should be stored in a dark, dry place between -18 °C (0 F) and 8 °C (46 F). The shelf life is at least 18 months. NEUROCAP® is a class II device which obtained 510(k) clearance (K152684). NEUROCAP® is a class III device under CE 0344.

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2. Stokvis A, van der Avoort D-JJC, van Neck JW, Hovius SER, Coert JH. Surgical management of neuroma pain: a prospective follow-up study. *Pain.* 2010;151(3):862-869.
3. Lewin-Kowalik J, Marcol W, Kotulska K, Mandra M, Klimczak A. Prevention and management of painful neuroma. *Neurol Med Chir (Tokyo).* 2006;46(2):62-67; discussion 67-68.
4. Watson J, Gonzalez M, Romero A, Kerns J. Neuromas of the hand and upper extremity. *J Hand Surg Am.* 2010;35(3):499-510.
5. Elliot D, Sierakowski A. The surgical management of painful nerves of the upper limb: a unit perspective. *J Hand Surg Eur Vol.* 2011;36(9):760-770.

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